



Ergin Atalar

Ulusal Manyetik Rezonans Görüntüleme Merkezi

Bilkent Üniversitesi



Manyetik Rezonans Görüntüleme FİZİĞİ VE SON GELİŞMELER



KAPSAM

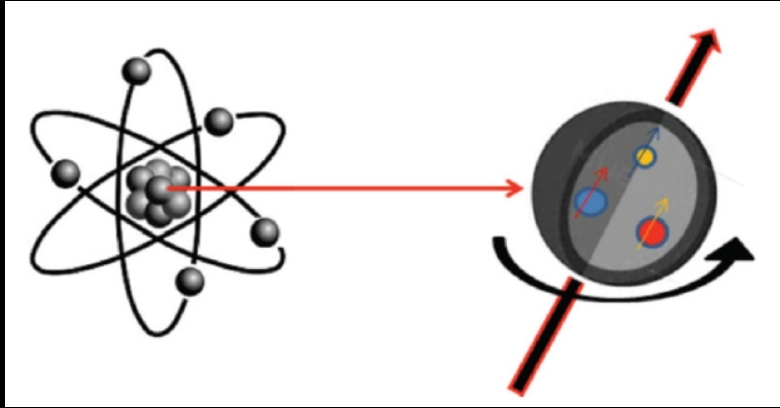
- MRG Fiziği
 - Alıcı Anten Dizisi
 - Verici Anten Dizisi
 - Verici Anten Dizisi Uygulamaları
 - Gradyan Dizi
- 



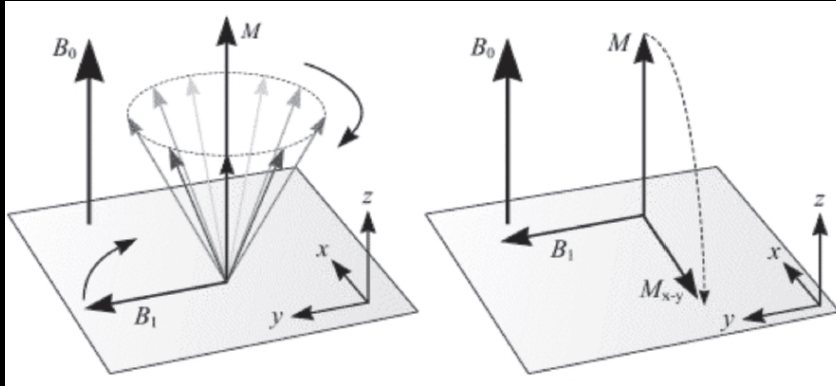
KAPSAM

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- 

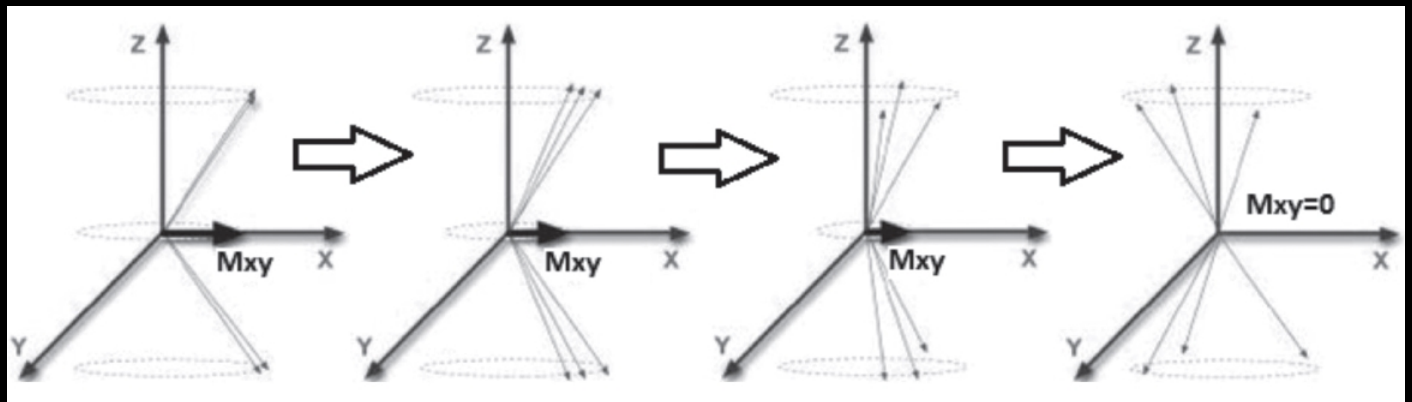
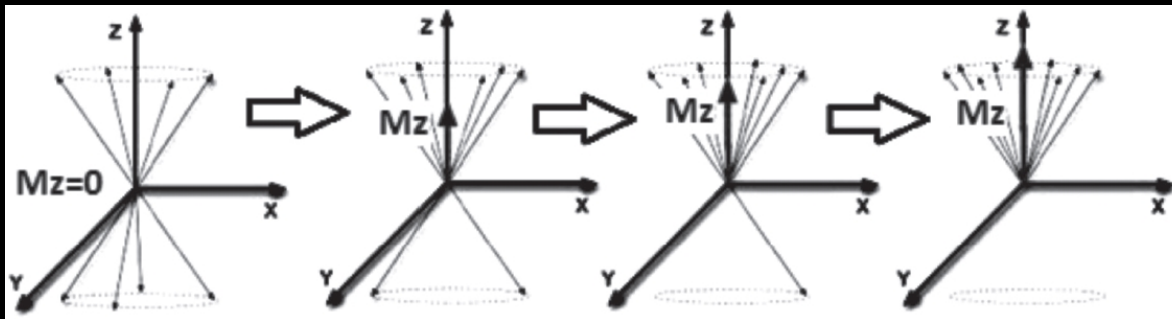
Nuclear Manyetik Rezonans



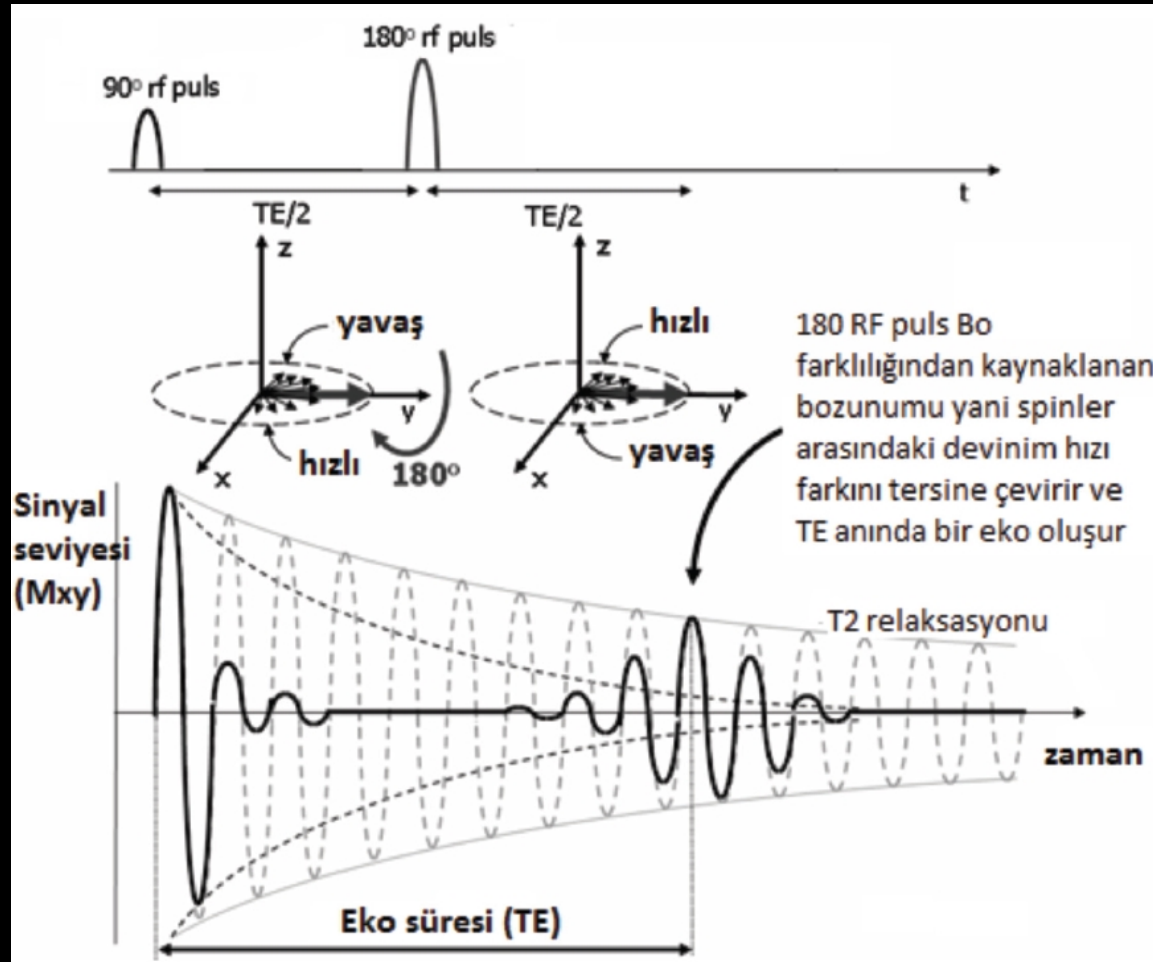
NMR ve veri toplama



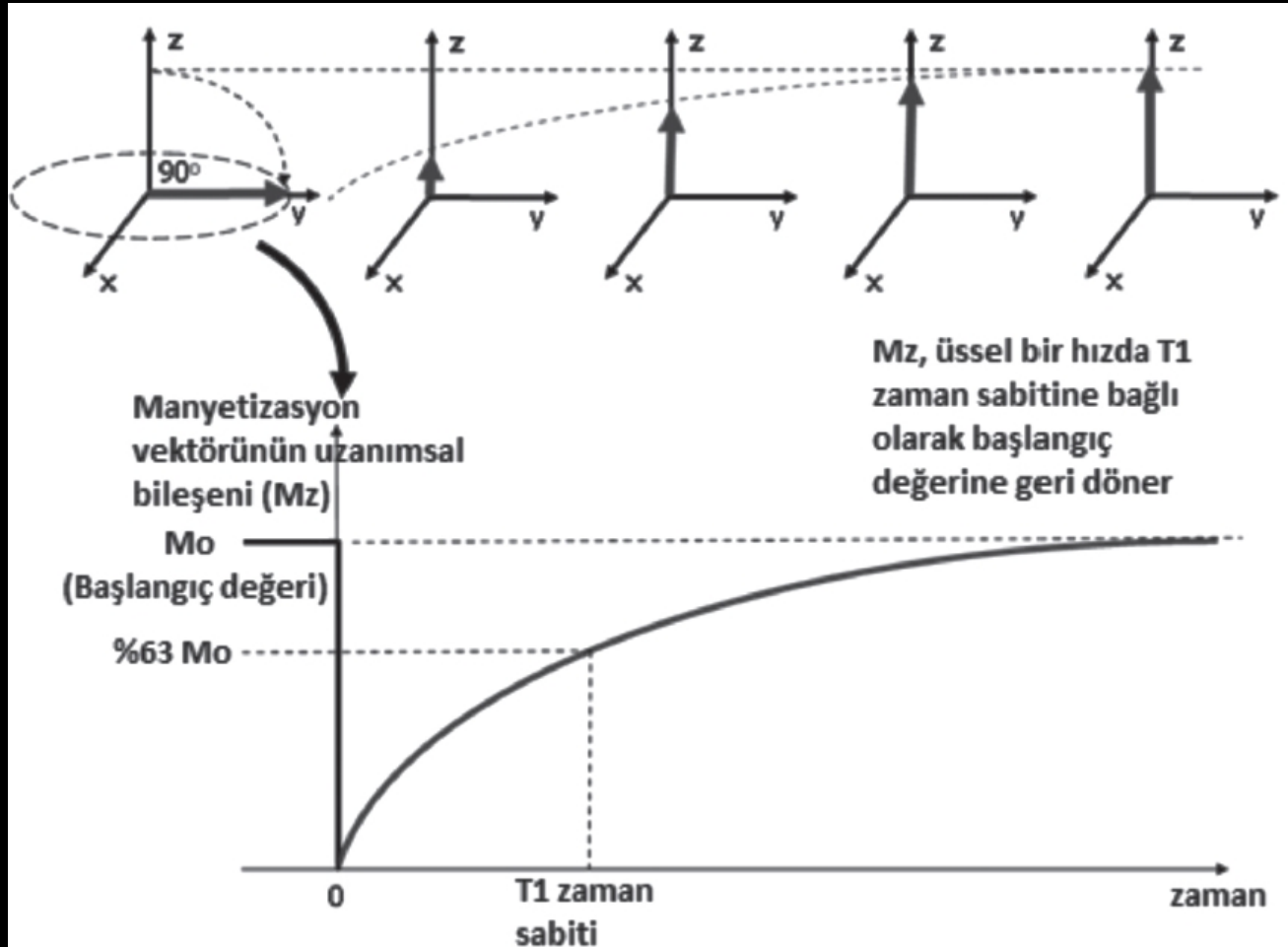
Relaksasyon



Spin Eko



Relaksasyon – T1 sabiti



MR Görüntüleme

- Nükleer Manyetik Rezonans ilk olarak Felix Bloch ve Edward Purcell tarafından gösterildi. (1952 Nobel Ödülü)
- Paul Lauterbur, 1973 Nature (2003 Nobel Ödülü)

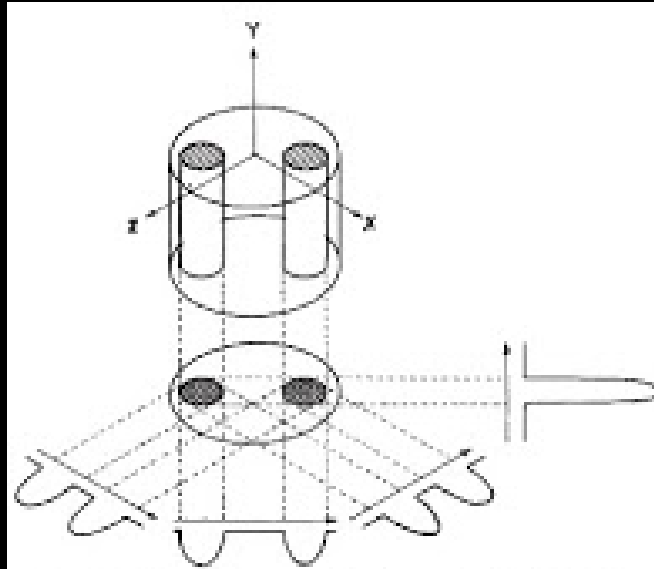
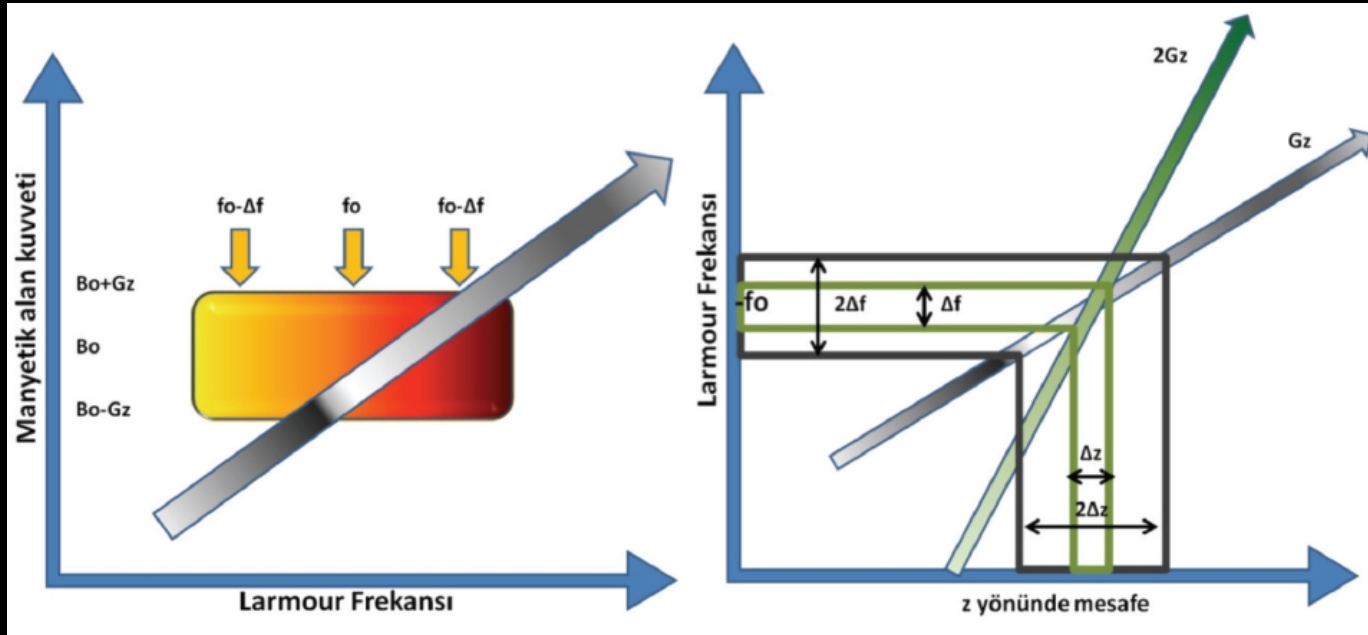


Fig. 1 Relationship between a three-dimensional object, its two-dimensional projection along the Y-axis, and four one-dimensional projections at 45° intervals in the XZ-plane. The arrows indicate the gradient directions.

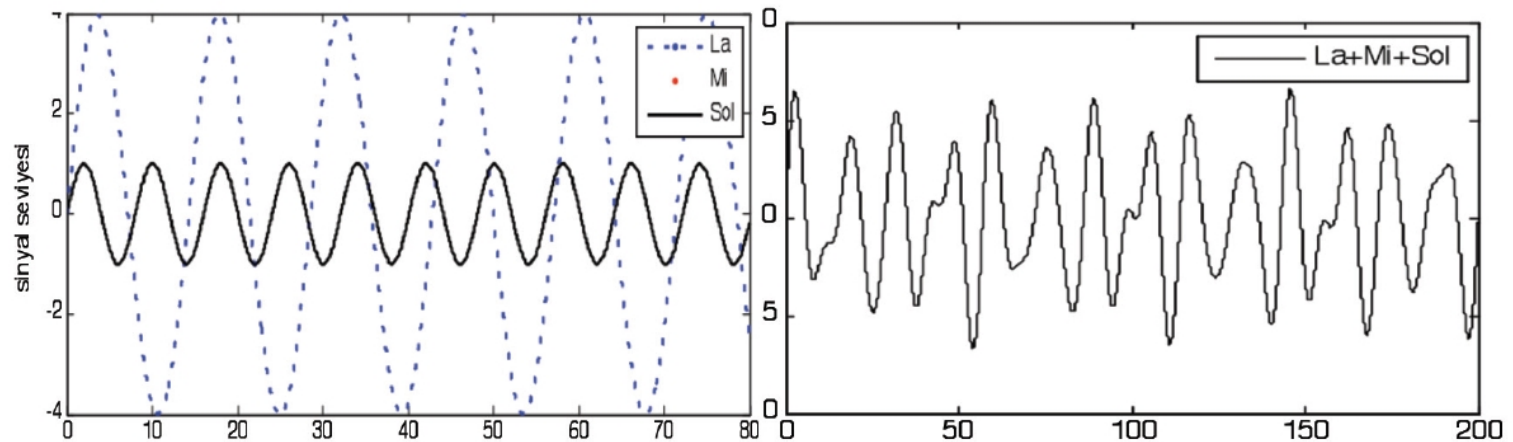
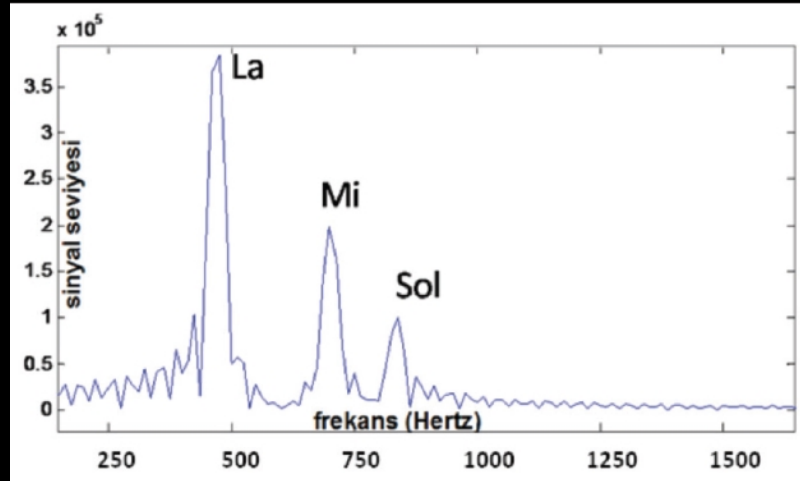


Fig. 2 Proton nuclear magnetic resonance magnetogram of the object described in the text, using four relative orientations of object and gradients as diagrammed in Fig. 1.

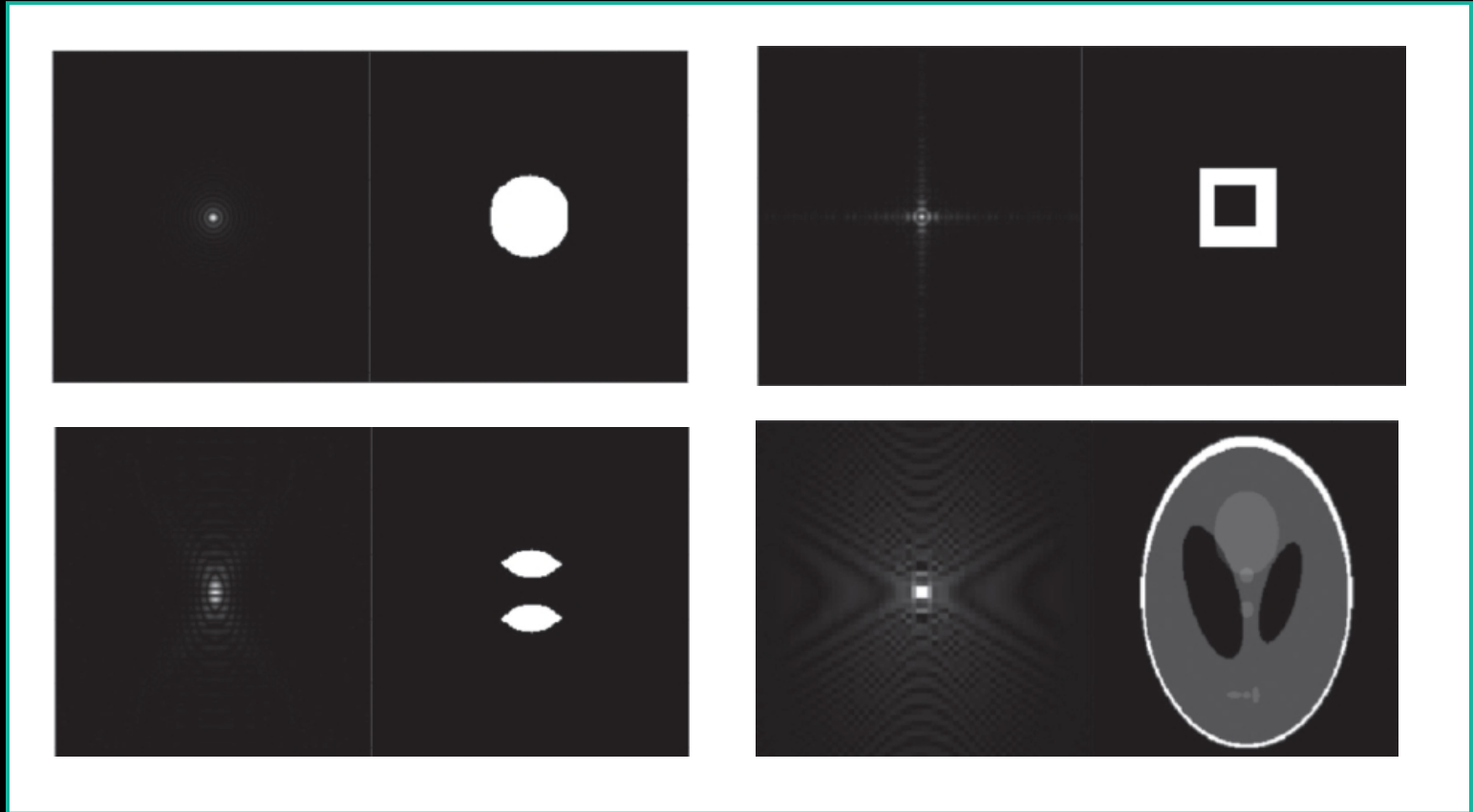
Kesit Seçimi



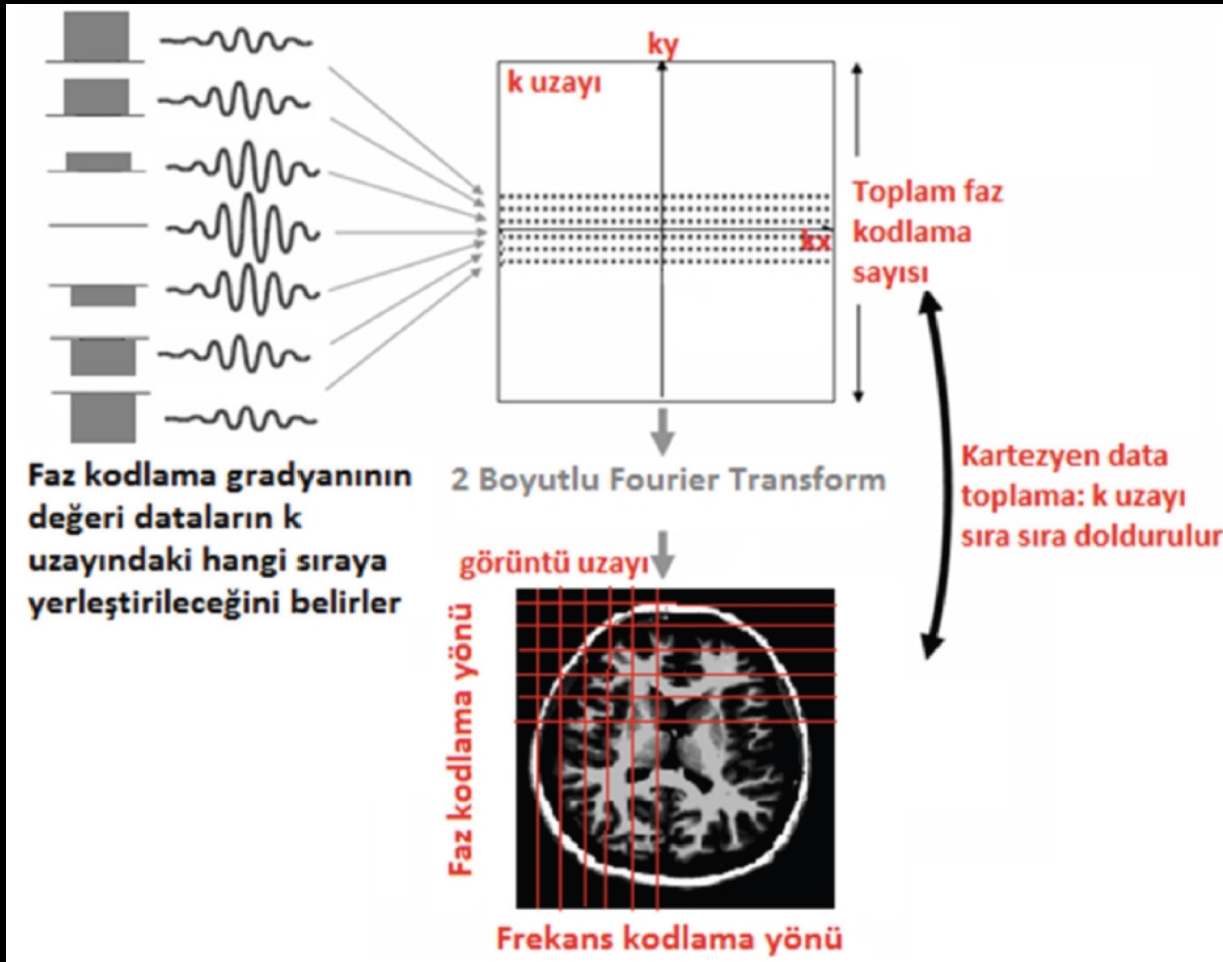
Zaman, Frekans ve Uzay İlişkisi



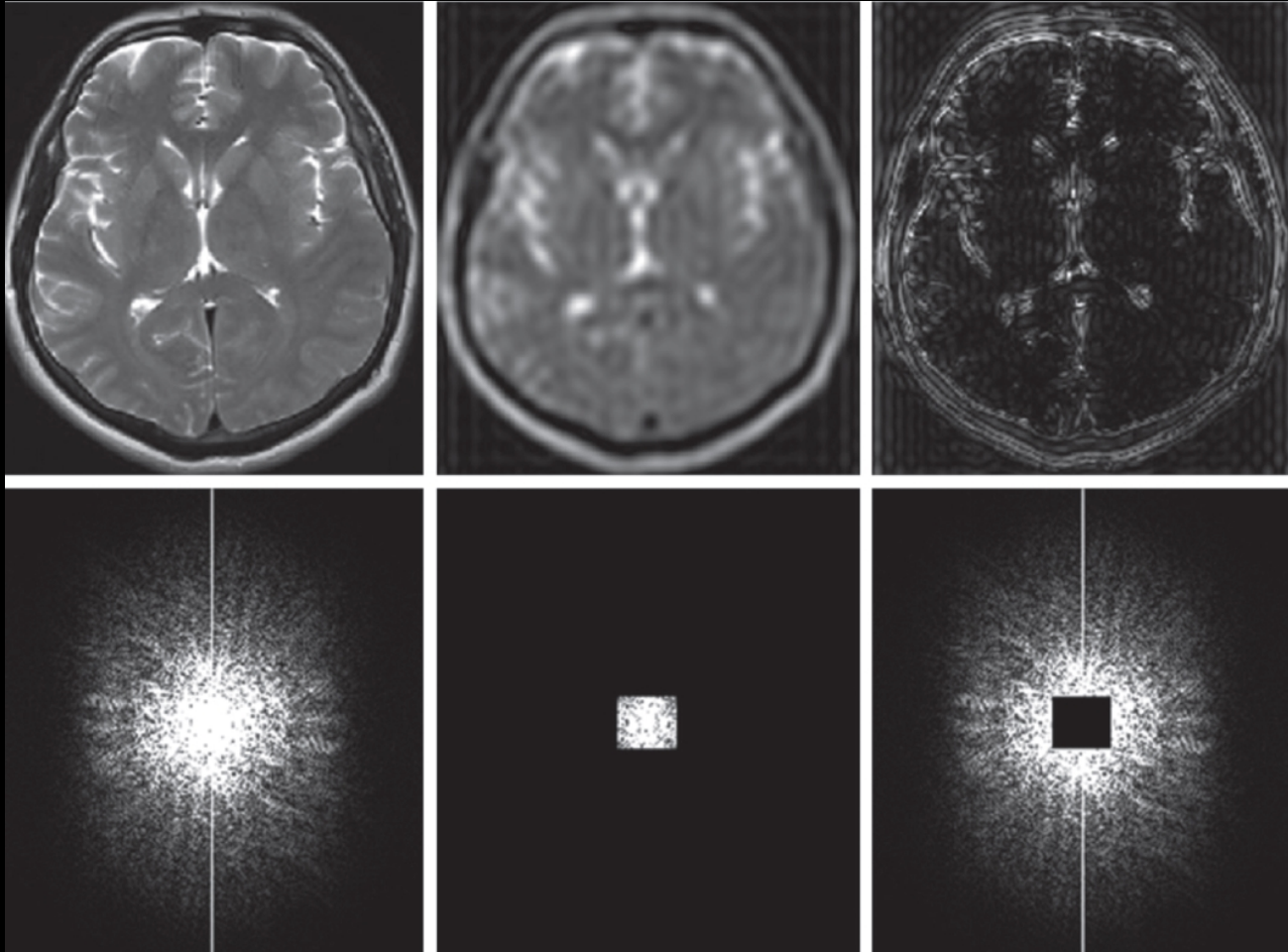
K-Uzayı ve Görüntü İlişkisi



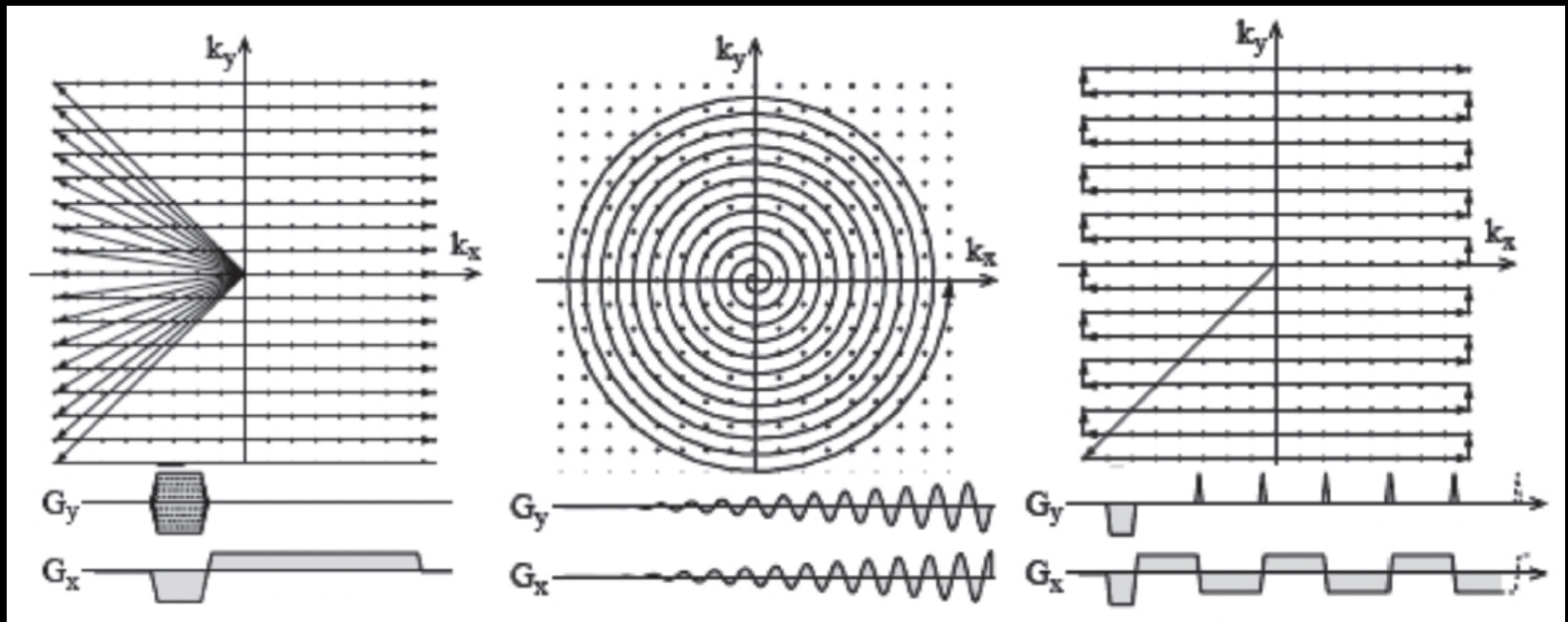
K-Uzayı ve Görüntü



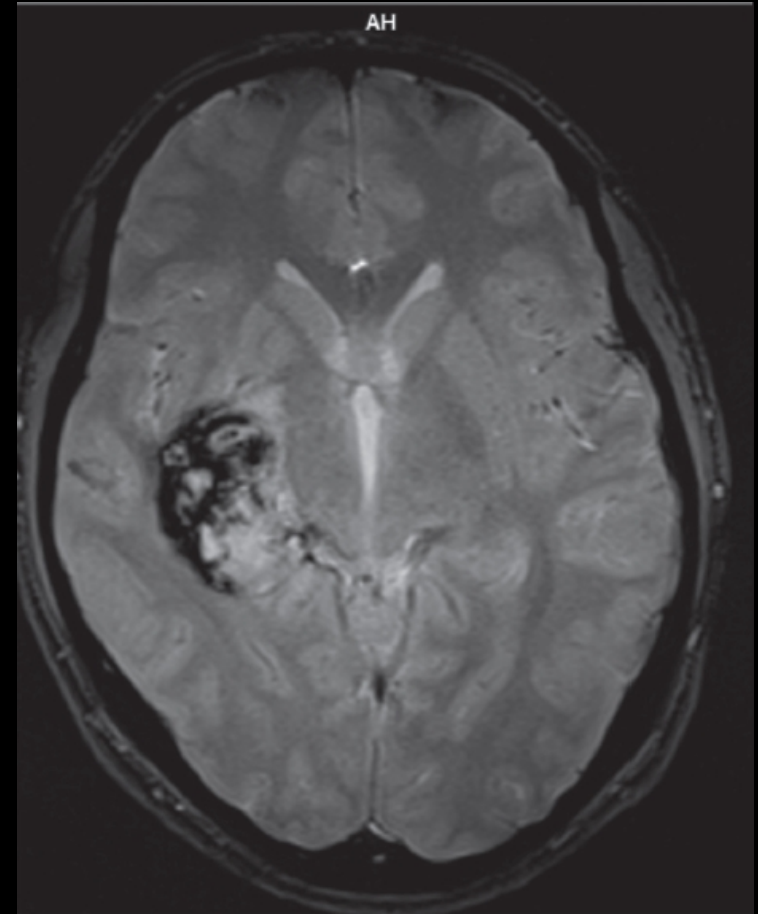
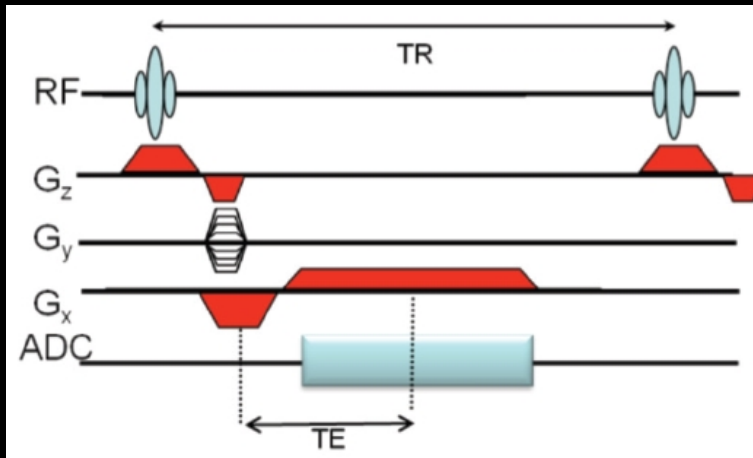
K-Uzayı ve Görüntü



K-Uzayı Tarama Yöntemleri



MR Sekansları – Gradyan Eko



Miknatıs



MR Görüntüleme Cihazı

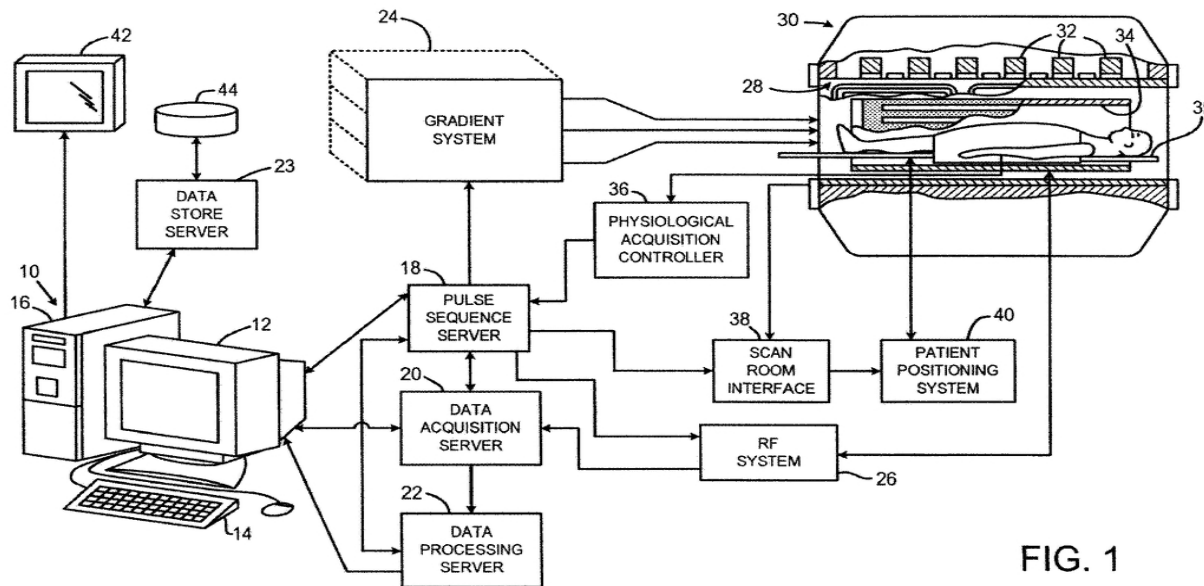
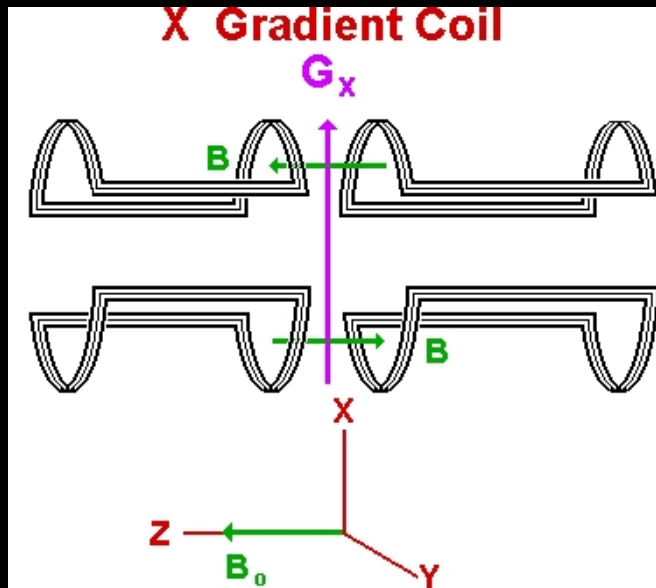


FIG. 1

Gradyan Sarg1



Yüzey Sargısı (Göz Sargısı)

Eddy Boskamp, 1986



Kuşkafesi tasarım

- Cecil Hayes, 1985 and Gary Grover, 1985.

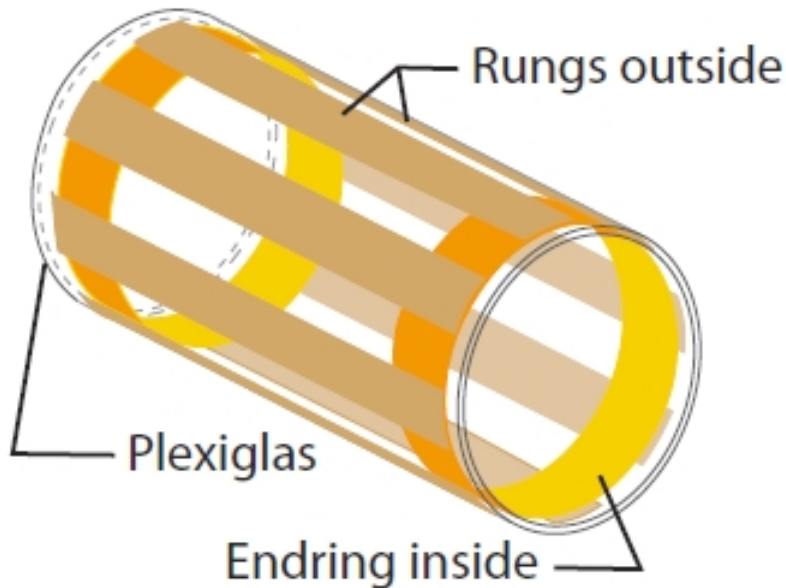


Figure 2. The first birdcage resonator built.



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Alıcı Anten Dizisi

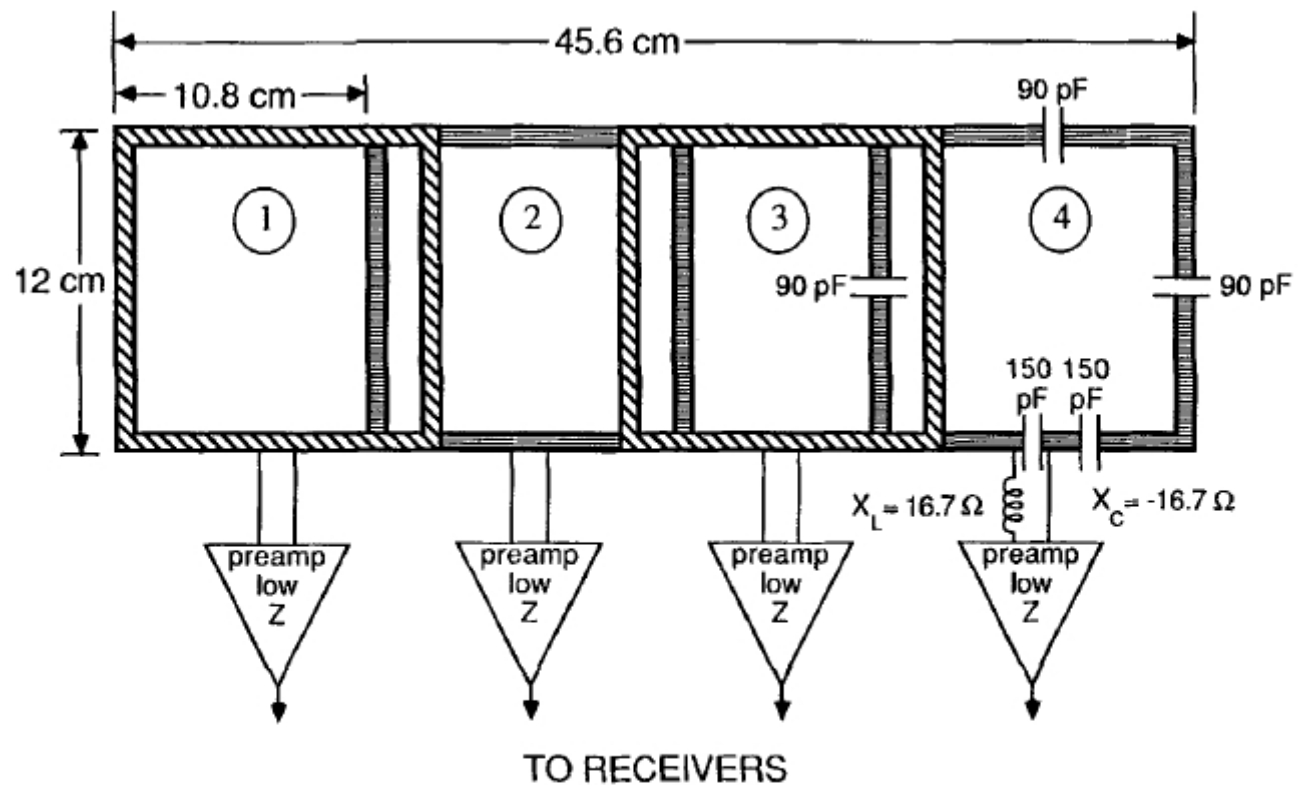


FIG. 3. Four element linear spine coil. Nearest neighbor interactions are eliminated by overlap. Next nearest neighbor and more distant coil interactions are reduced to negligible levels by connection to low input impedance preamplifiers.

Alıcı Anten Dizisi

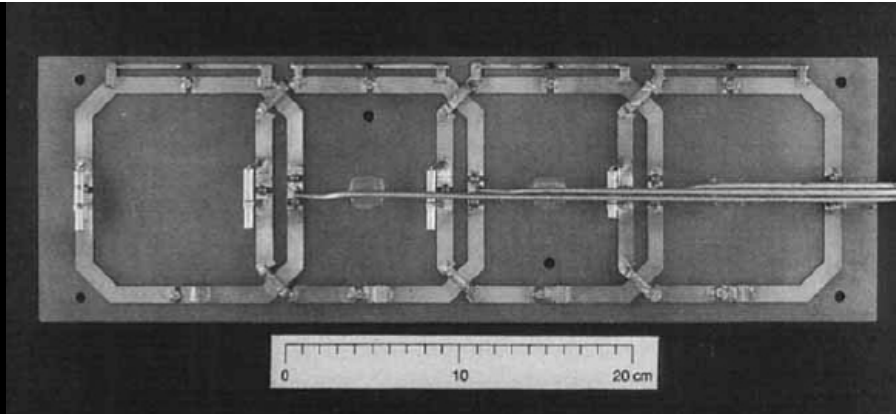
MAGNETIC RESONANCE IN MEDICINE **16**, 192-225 (1990)

The NMR Phased Array

P. B. ROEMER,* W. A. EDELSTEIN,* C. E. HAYES,† S. P. SOUZA,*
AND O. M. MUELLER*

**GE Corporate Research and Development Center, Schenectady, New York 12301;*

†GE Medical Systems, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201



En çok sinyal gürültü oranı

Ultimate Intrinsic Signal-to-Noise Ratio in MRI

Ogan Ocali, Ergin Atalar

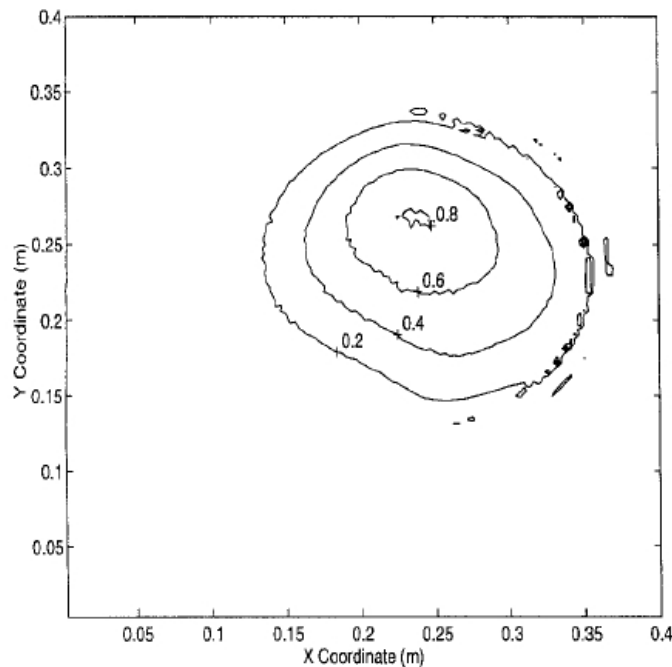


FIG. 15. CPM of cardiac phased array.

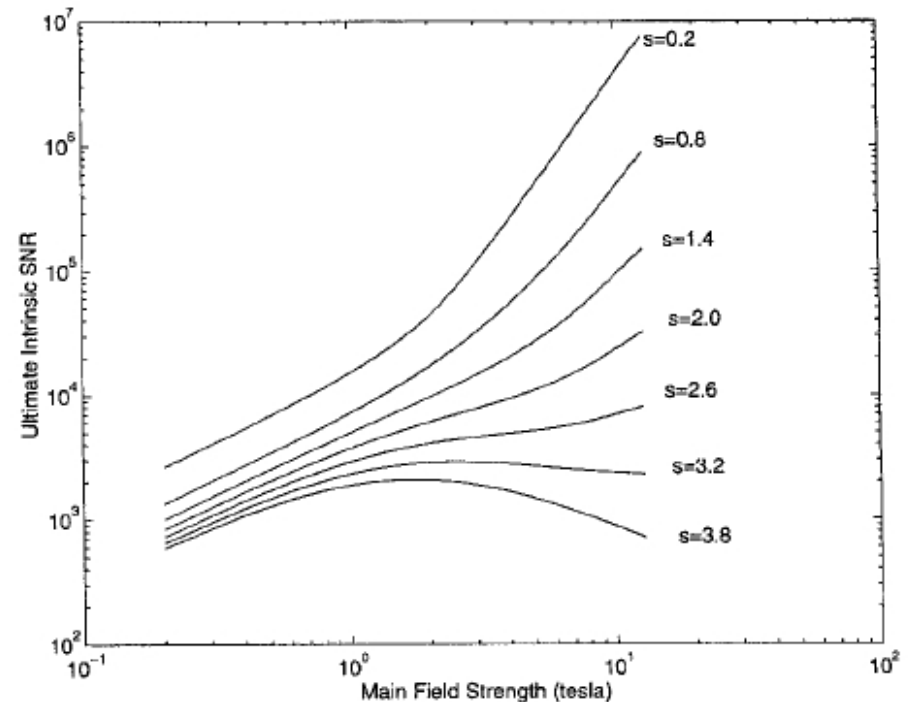
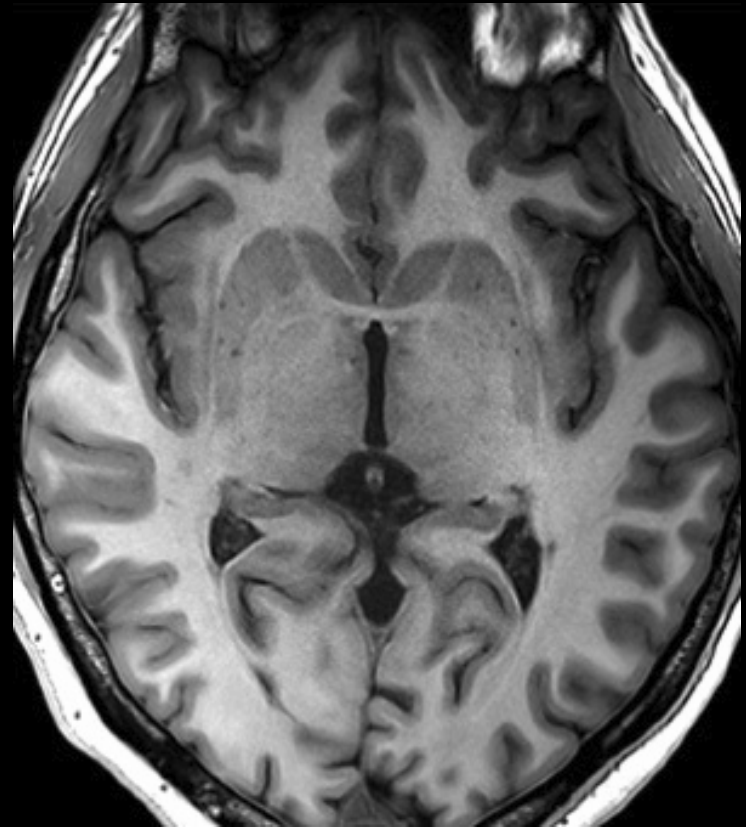
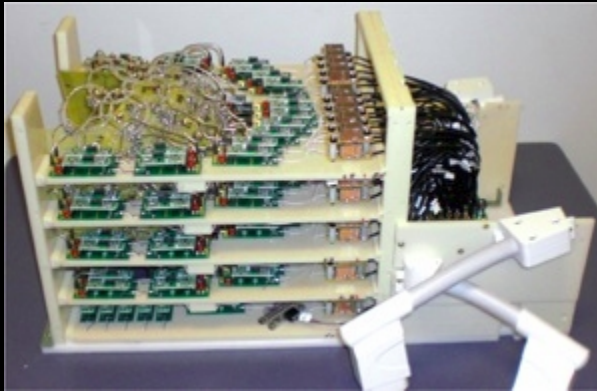


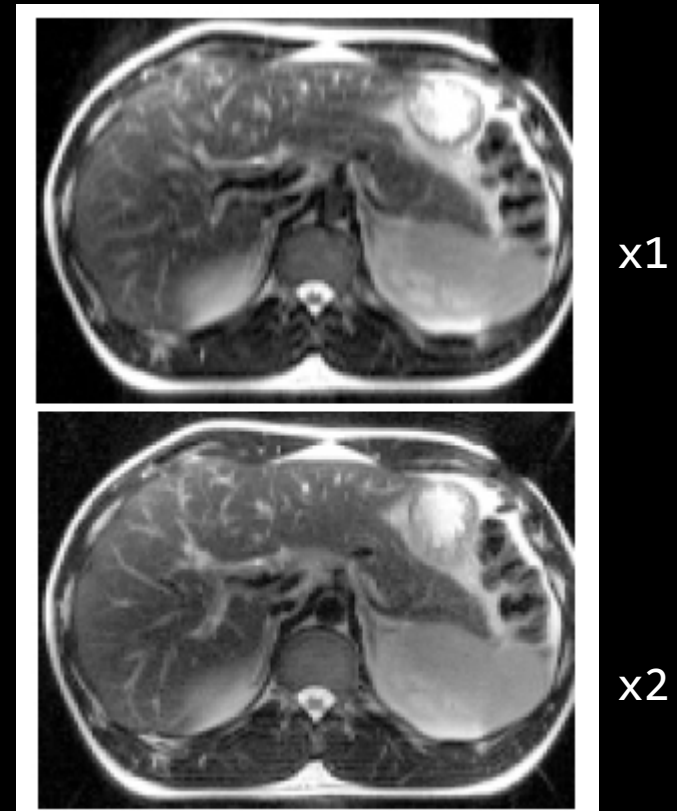
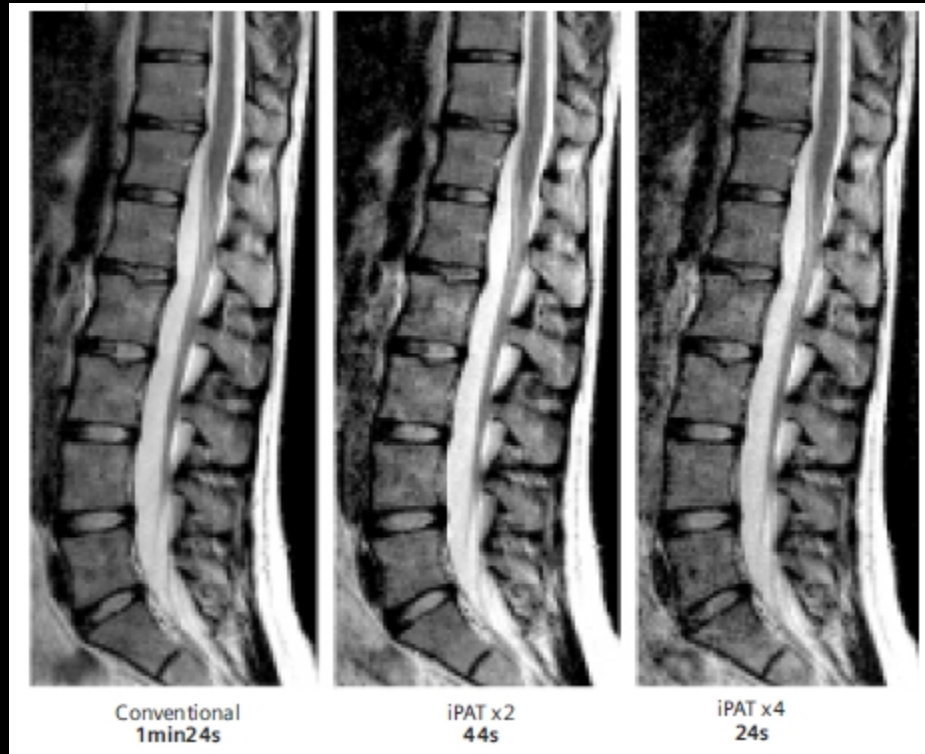
FIG. 16. Ultimate intrinsic SNR versus main field strength at the center of the human torso model for different values of effective conductance s .

96 Kanal Alıcı Anten Dizisi



Paralel Görüntüleme

SMASH, SENSE, GRAPPA

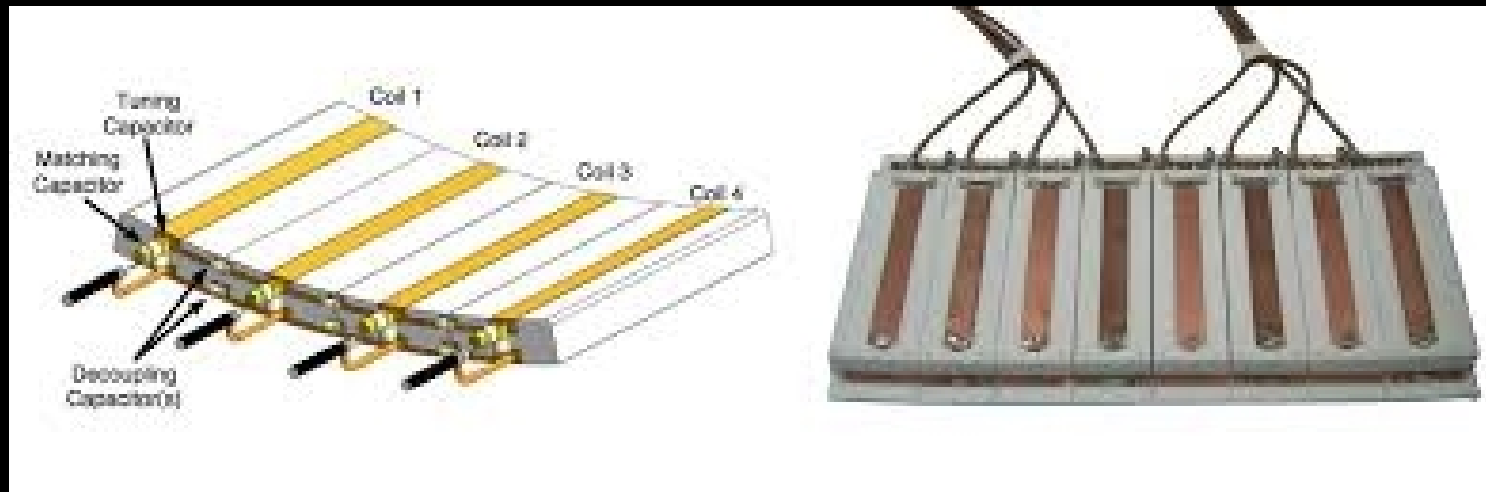




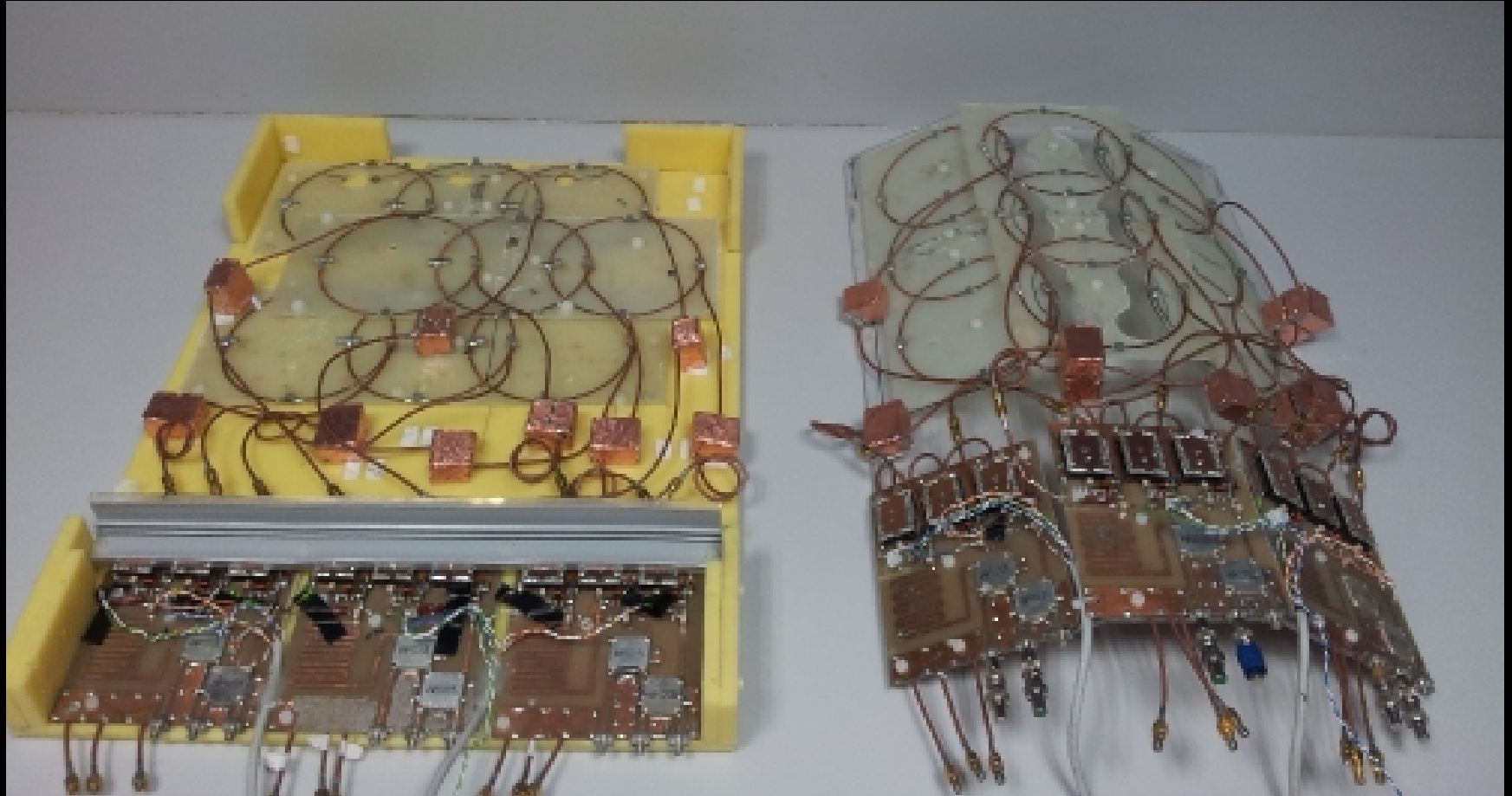
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 - Gradyan Dizi
- 

Verici Anten Dizisi



Verici Dizisi Tasarımı



4. Taner Demir, Esra A. Turk and Ergin Atalar, *Mode Matrix Transceiver Surface Coil*, ISMRM, Melbourne, Australia, 2012

En az SAR

- RF darbe açısı ile SAR arasında bağlantı vardır.
- Homojen darbe açısı elde ederken SAR önemli bir sorun

**BIOMEDICAL
RESEARCH - Full Papers**

Magnetic Resonance in Medicine 66:846–858 (2011)

Analytic Expressions for the Ultimate Intrinsic Signal-to-Noise Ratio and Ultimate Intrinsic Specific Absorption Rate in MRI

E. Kopanoglu,^{1,2} V. B. Erturk,¹ and E. Atalar^{1,2*}

$$\text{UISAR} = \frac{\sigma B_0^2 r^5}{m_{\text{sample}} S_{\text{max}}^2}.$$

$$S_{\text{max}}^{\text{cyl}} = 0.953 \sqrt{1 + (0.723/d)^5}$$



KAPSAM

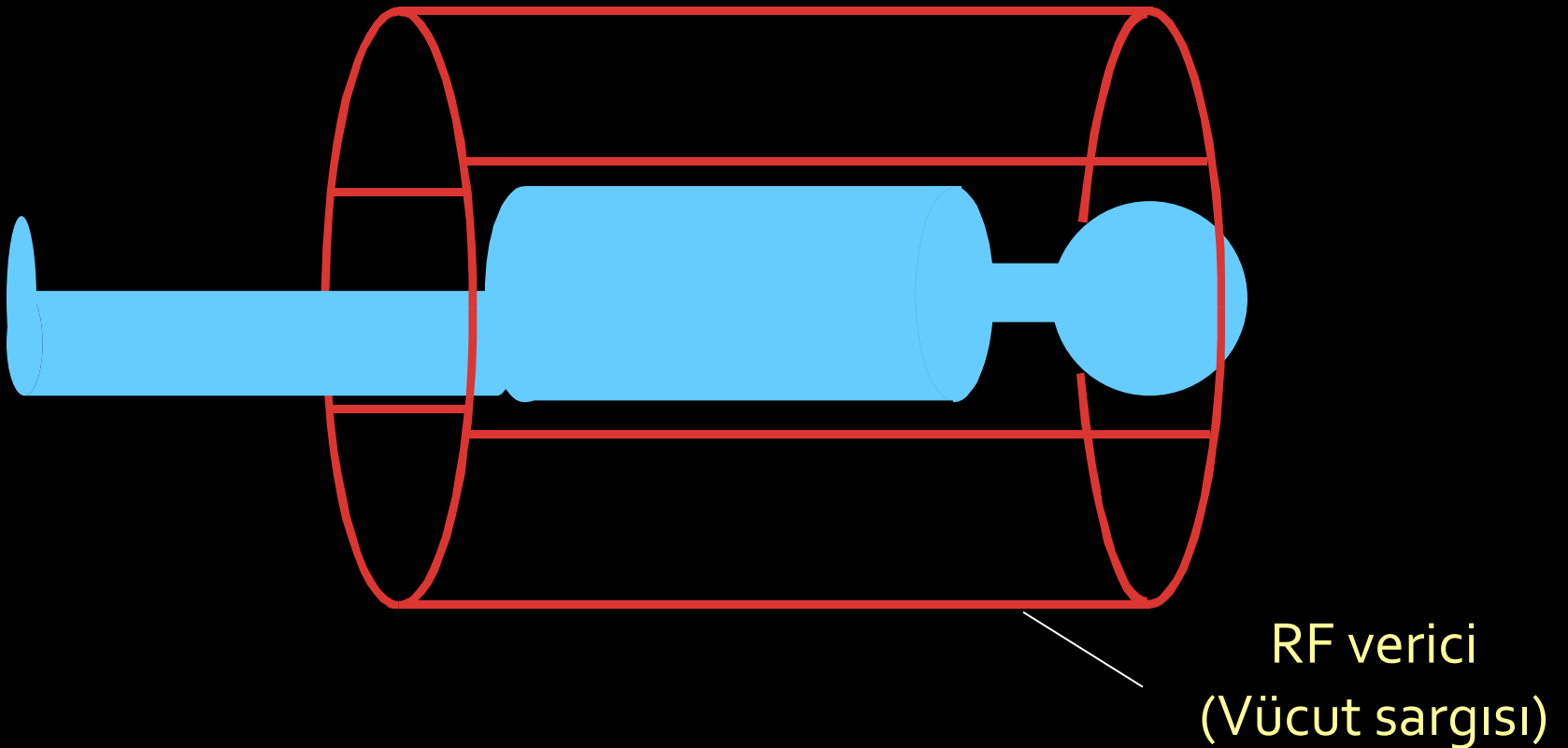
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 - Gradyan Dizi
- 

Ergin Atalar, UMRAM Bilkent Üniversitesi
Ahmet Kırılılar, TTD-GYTM REHİS ASELSAN
Bülent Şen, TTD-GYTM REHİS ASELSAN

Verici Dizisi Kullanarak İmplant Uyumlu MR Görüntüleme cihazı

RF Isınma

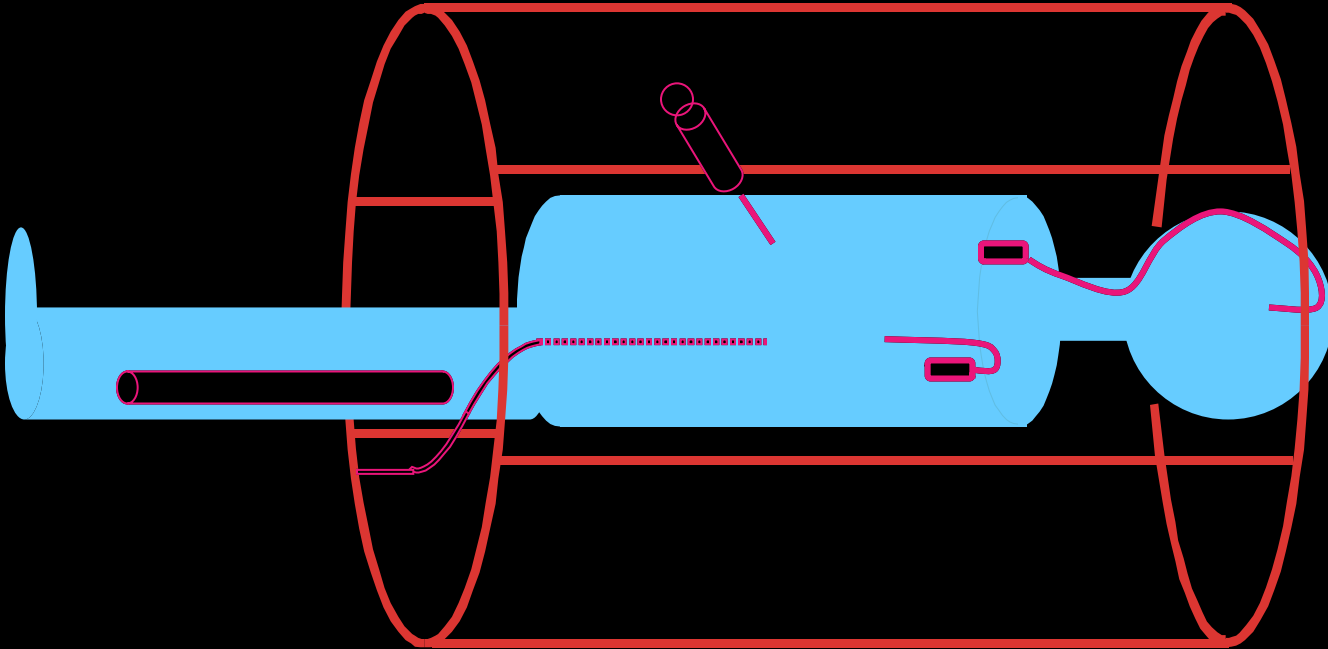
- MRG sırasında RF enerji emilir ve obje ısınır.



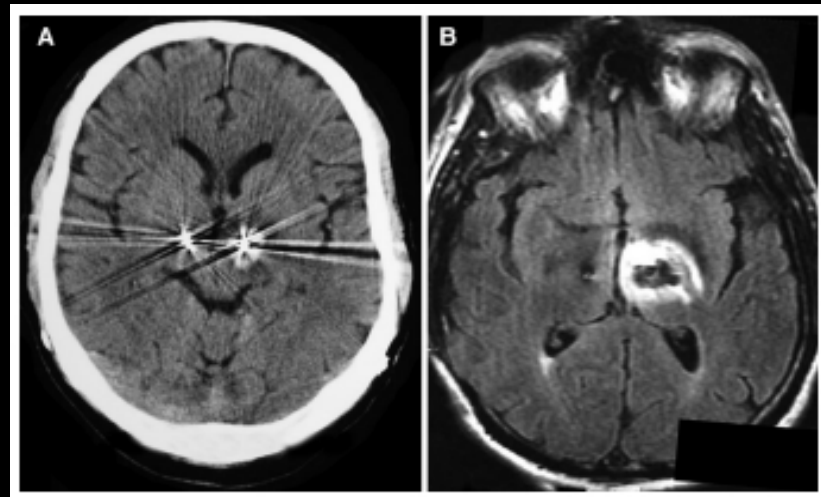
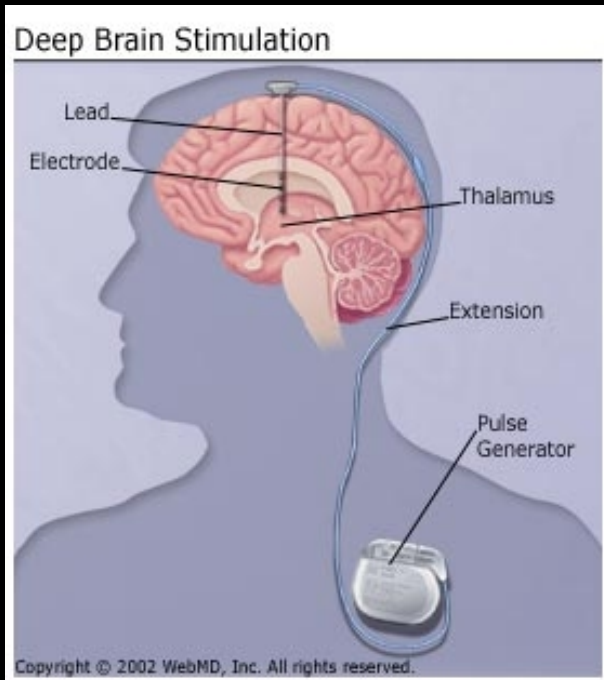
Mikrodalga fırın



MRG içinde kullanılan metalik cihazlar



Problem



Henderson, J.M., et al., *Permanent neurological deficit related to magnetic resonance imaging in a patient with implanted deep brain stimulation electrodes for Parkinson's disease: case report*. Neurosurgery, 2005. 57(5): p. E1063.

NOVEL SAR REDUCTION METHODS FOR MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING

Yiğitcan Eryaman

Supervisor: Prof. Ergin Atalar

National Magnetic Resonance Research Center, Ankara, Turkey



Elektrik alanını implanttan uzaklaştırma

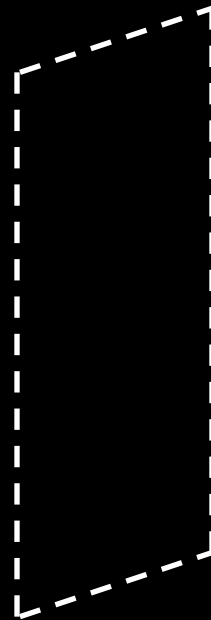
2. Yigitcan Eryaman, Burak Akin and Ergin Atalar, Reduction of implant RF heating through modification of transmit coil electric field. in *Magn Reson Med* **2011**, 65:1305--1313.

Reduction of RF Heating of Metallic Devices in MRI

$$E_z = -\frac{H_f \omega \mu_0 r}{2} e^{j\omega t}$$

$$E_\phi = 0$$

$$E_\rho = 0$$



6) Eryaman Y., Akin B. and Atalar E., Reduction of implant RF heating through modification of transmit coil electric field. Magnetic Resonance in Medicine, n/a. doi: 10.1002/mrm.22724

Reduction of RF Heating of Metallic Devices in MRI

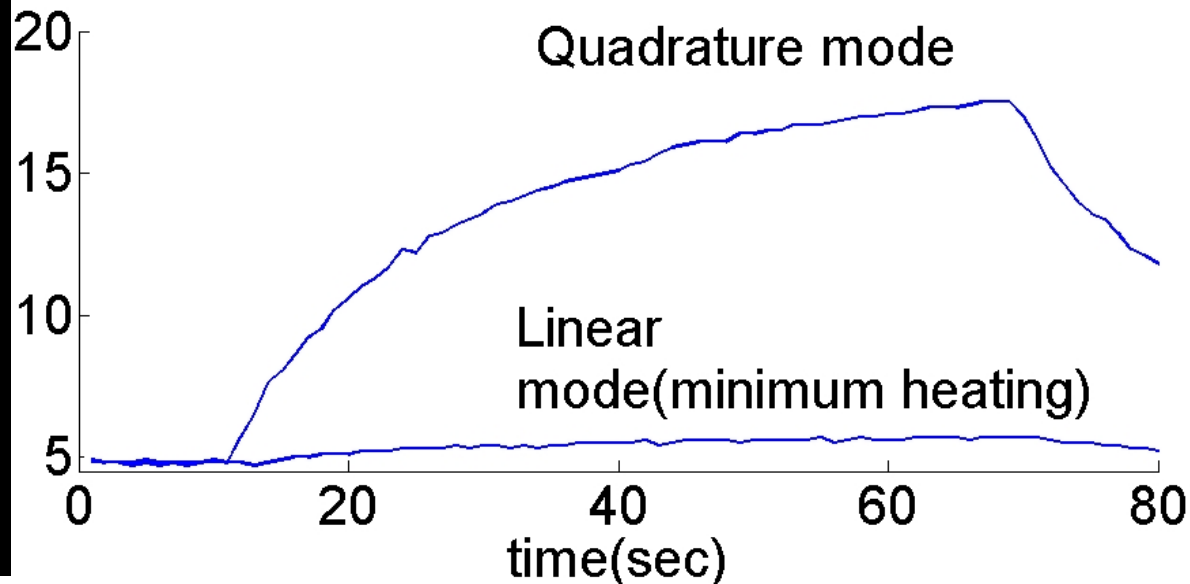
$$E_z = -H_f j\omega\mu_0 r \sin\theta$$

$$E_\theta = 0$$

$$E_\rho = 0$$

Reduction of RF Heating of Metallic Devices in MRI

Fiber 2 . 4 2 % %





Reduction of RF Heating of Metallic Devices in MRI

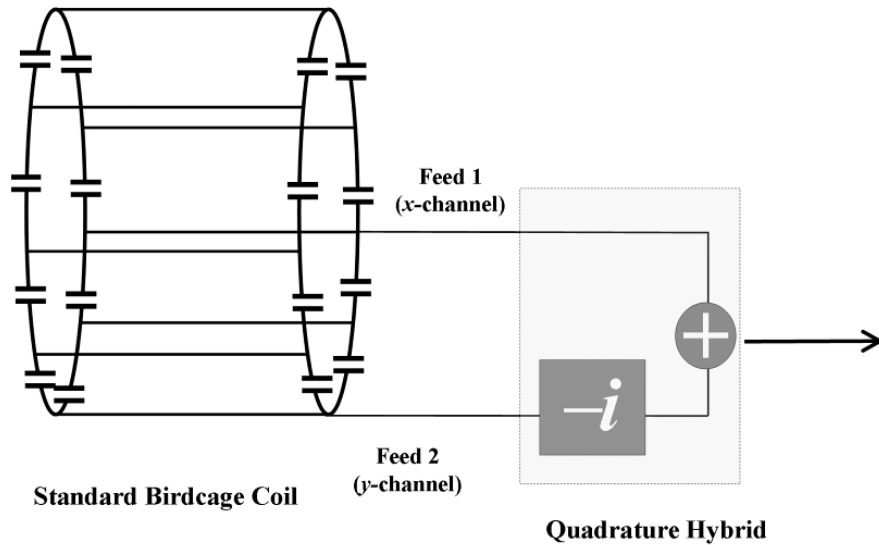


Reduction of RF Heating of Metallic Devices in MRI

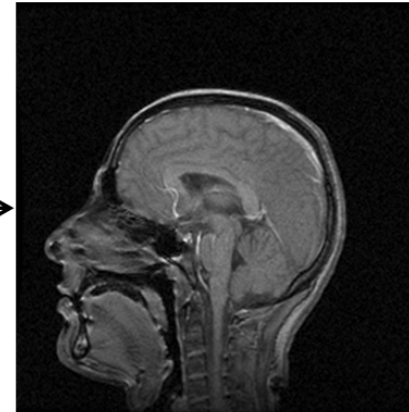
DİĞER UYGULAMALAR

TERS POLARIZASYON

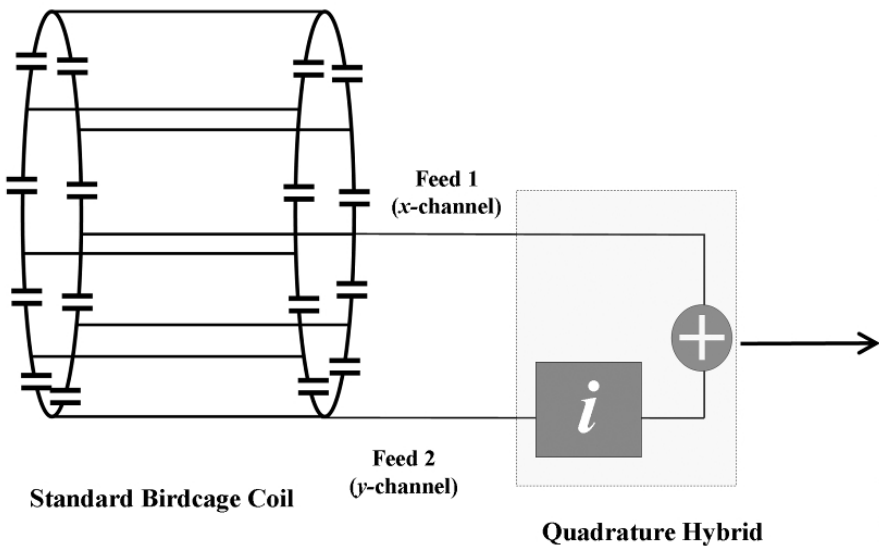
a)



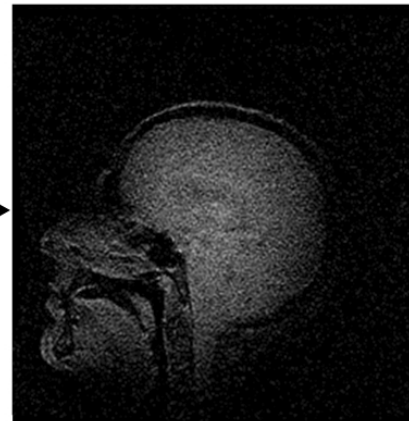
Forward Polarization Mode



b)



Reverse Polarization Mode



TERS POLARİZASYON

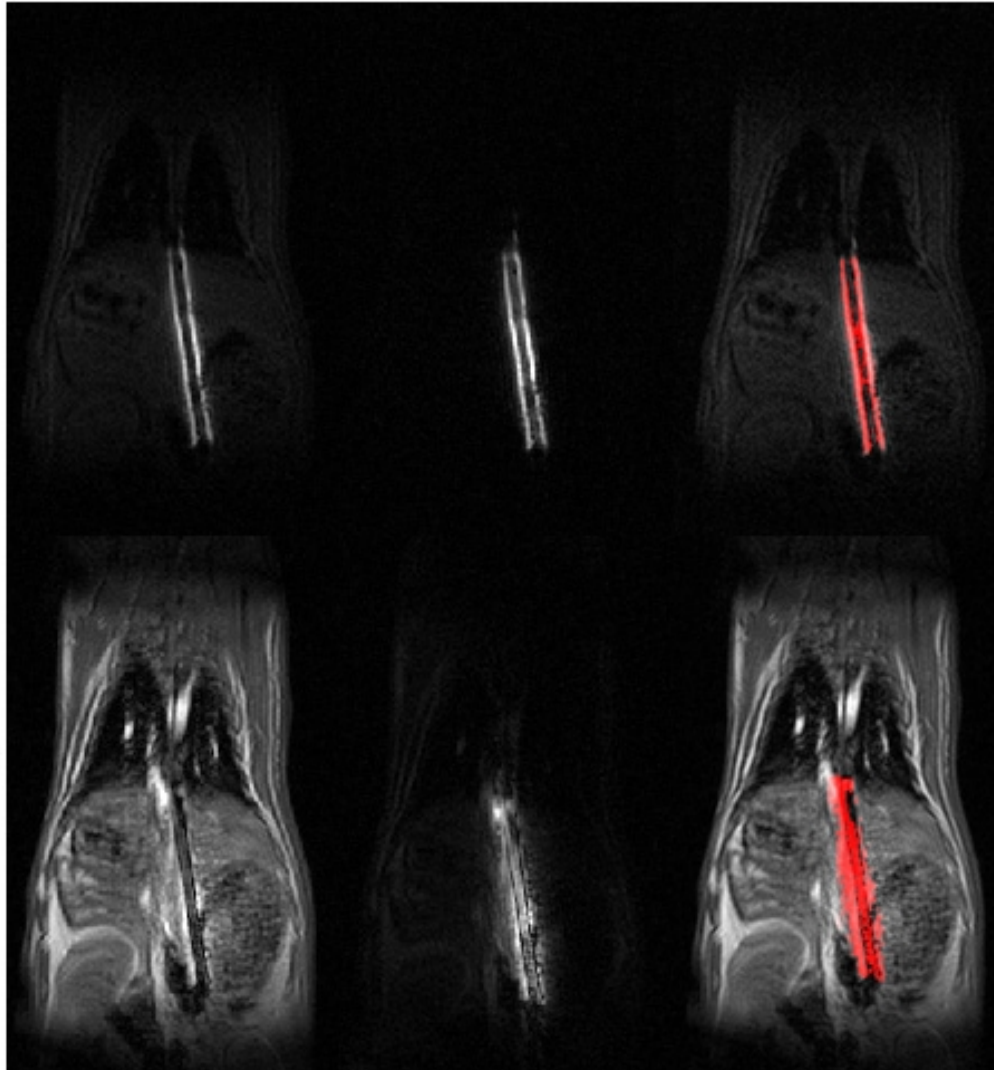
Forward Pol.

Reverse Pol.

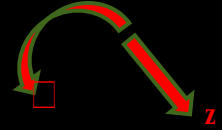
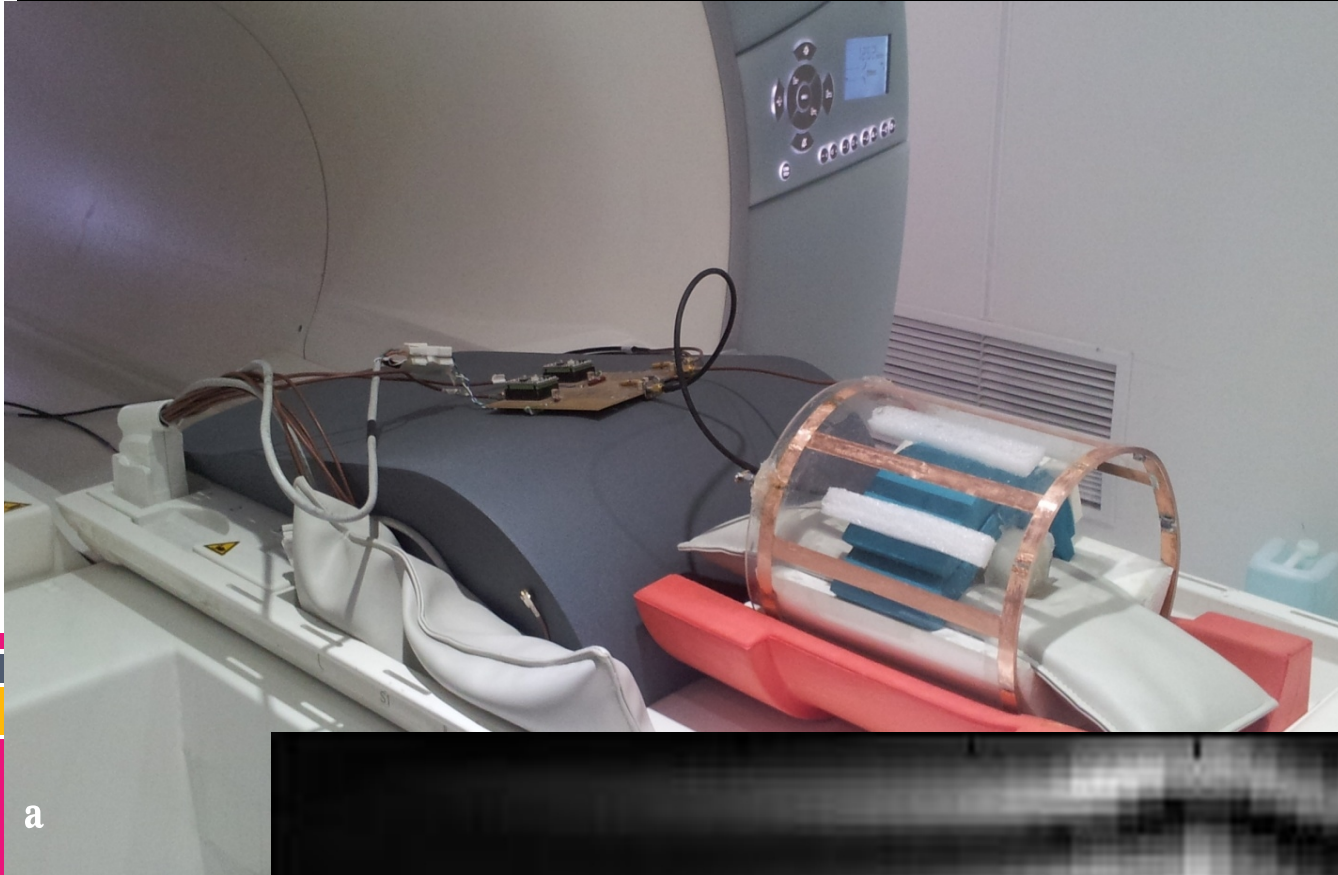
Color-Coded

1°

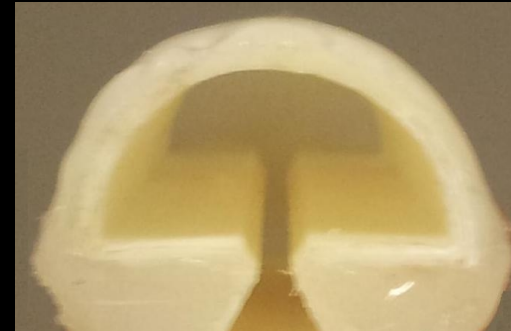
40°



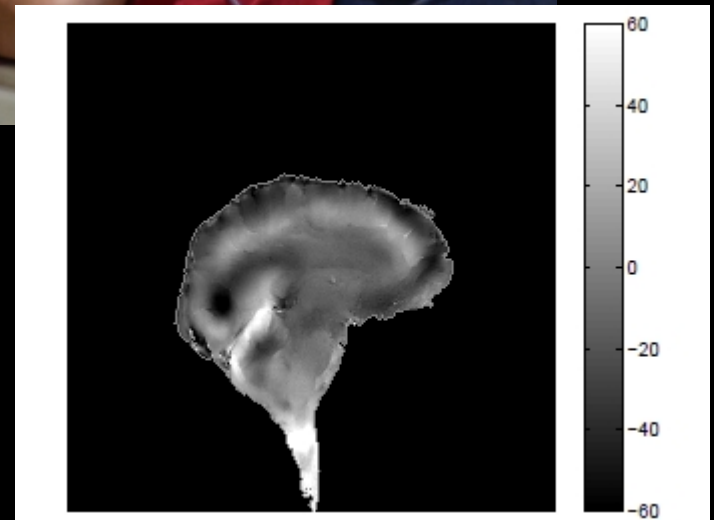
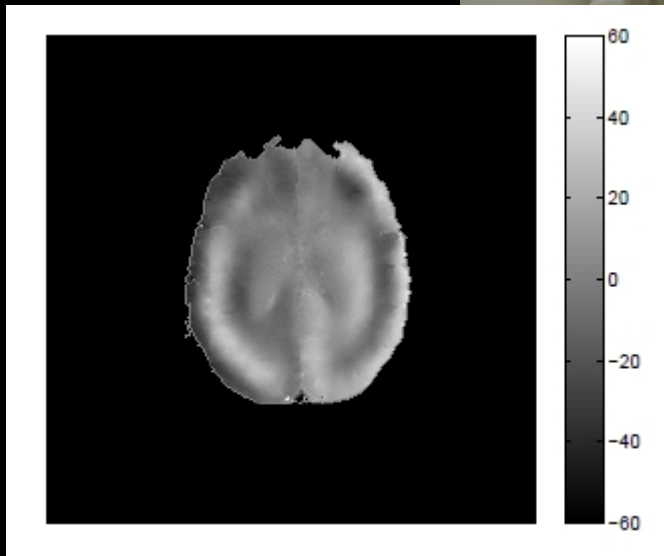
RF ile silindirik kodlama



b



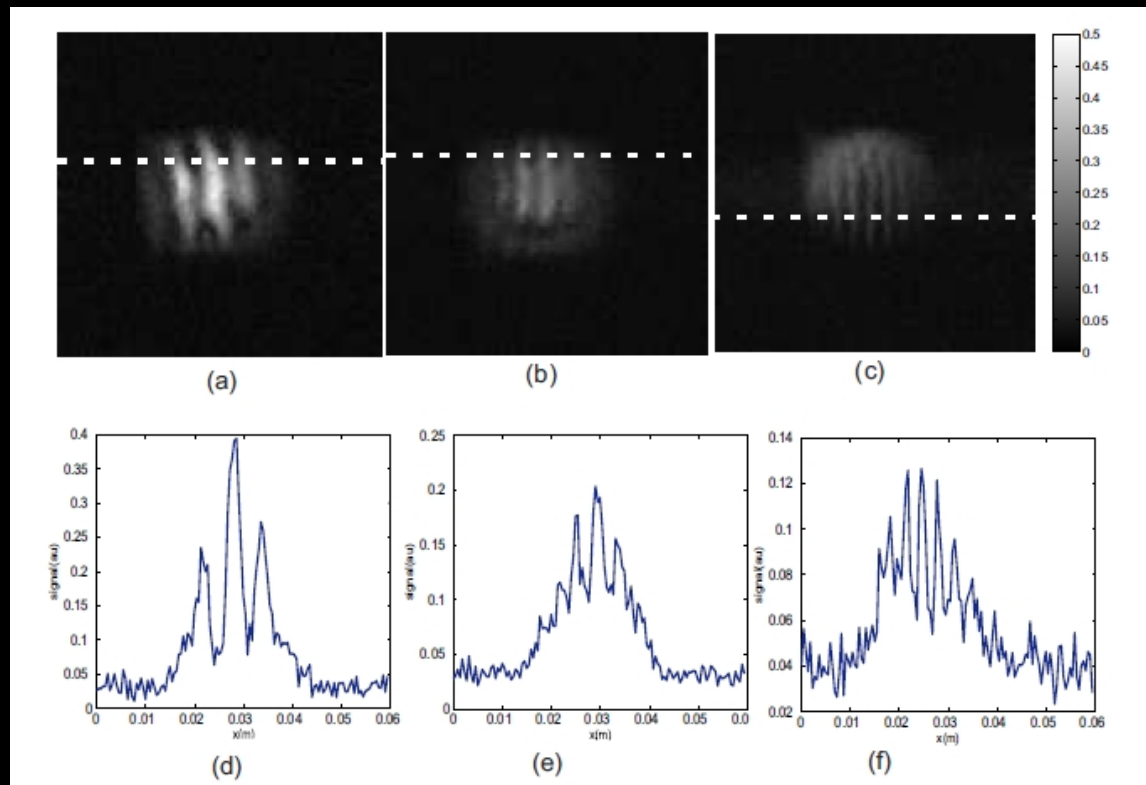
MR ile beyin elastografisi



B1 gradyanı ile elastografi

Shear Wave Imaging using B_1 gradients

Esra Abaci Turk^{1,2}, Cemre Ariyurek^{1,2}, Yusuf Ziya Ider², Arif Sanli Ergun³, and Ergin Atalar^{1,2}





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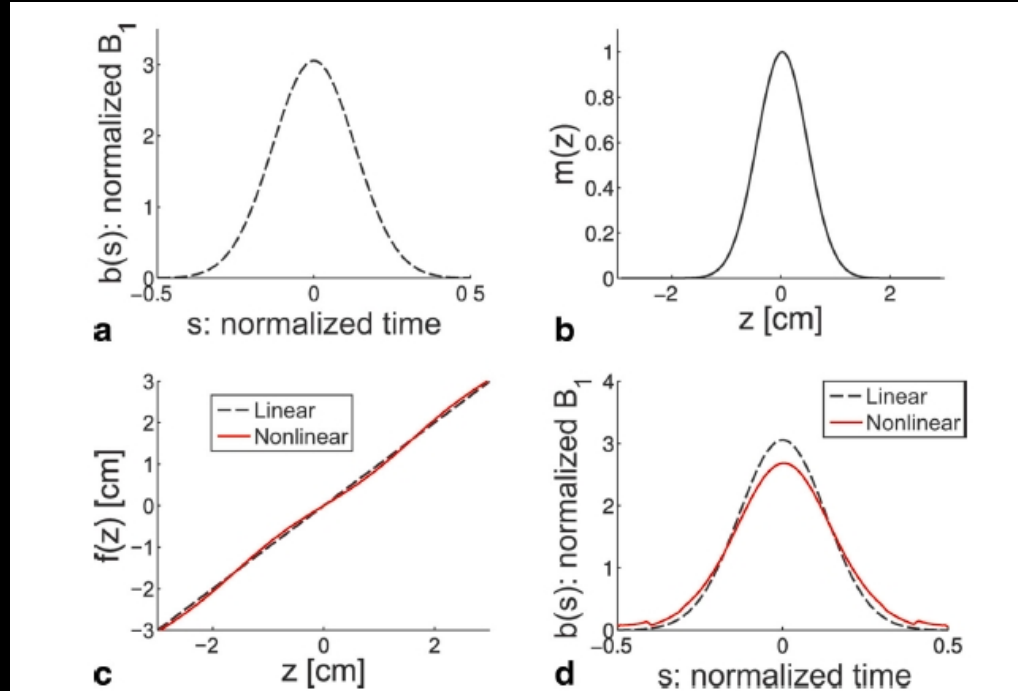
Doğrusal olmayan gradyanlar

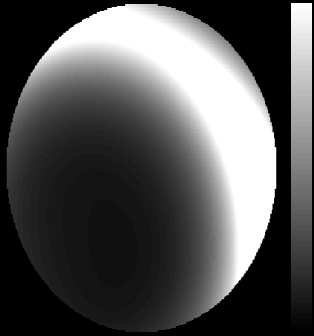
- Doğrusal gradyanlar
 - $B_z(t) = B_0 + G_x x + G_y y + G_z z$
- Doğrusal olmayan gradyanlar
 - $B_z(t) = G_{xx} x^2 + G_{yy} y^2 + G_{zz} z^2 + G_{xy} xy + \dots$

Doğrusal olmayan gradyanlar kullanarak SAR azaltma

Specific Absorption Rate Reduction Using Nonlinear Gradient Fields

Emre Kopanoglu,^{1,2} Ugur Yilmaz,^{1,2} Yildiray Gokhalk,¹ and Ergin Atalar^{1,2*}





Simultaneous Use of Linear and Nonlinear Gradients as Independent K-Space Variables for RF Excitation

Koray Ertan^{1,2}, and E. Atalar^{1,2}

¹ Electrical and Electronics Engineering Department, Bilkent University, Ankara, Turkey

² UMRAM, National Magnetic Resonance Research Center, Ankara, Turkey



Doğrusal ve Doğrusal Olmayan Gradyan Alanların Birlikte Kullanımı